On Cold Universality in Cellular Automata Universidad Adolfo Ibañez

G. Theyssier

Institut de Mathématiques de Marseille (CNRS, AMU)

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Definitions

• configurations: $Q^{\mathbb{Z}^{D}}$, Q finite

topology:

$$d(x,y) = 2^{-\min\{\|z\|\in\mathbb{Z}^{D}: x_{z}\neq y_{z}\}}$$

• cellular automaton: $F: Q^{\mathbb{Z}^{D}} \to Q^{\mathbb{Z}^{D}}$

$$\forall z \in \mathbb{Z}^{D}, F(c)_{z} = f(j \in V \mapsto c_{z+j})$$

 $V \subseteq \mathbb{Z}^D$ finite neighborhood, $f : Q^V \to Q$ local rule

Hot dynamics



Allumer le feu !

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• F is convergent if $(F^t(x))_t$ is convergent for all x, *i.e.*

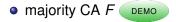
$$\forall x, \exists x_{\infty} : d(F^{t}(x), x_{\infty}) \rightarrow 0$$

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Theorem (Ginosar-Holzman,2000) F^2 is convergent.

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Theorem (Ginosar-Holzman,2000) F^2 is convergent.

Question

Is F² bounded-change?

Fact

$\mathsf{freezing} \subsetneq \mathsf{bounded}\mathsf{-}\mathsf{change} \subsetneq \mathsf{convergent}$

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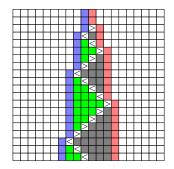
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Complexity even in 1D

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Goles, Ollinger, Theyssier

- there is a Turing universal 1D freezing CA
- bounded-change 1D CA have a LOGSPACE prediction and O(log(n)) communication complexity
- there are 1D convergent CA with P-complete prediction and Ω(√n) communication complexity
- there are convergent 1D CA with non-recursive limit set

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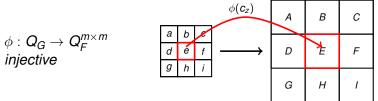
What happens for convergent CA on the free group?

simulated (G)simulator (F)1 cell1 block of $m \times m$ cells1 stepT steps

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context free:

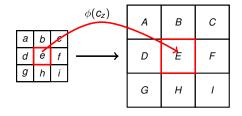


 $\begin{array}{c|c} \text{simulated } (G) & \text{simulator } (F) \\ \hline 1 \text{ cell} & 1 \text{ block of } m \times m \text{ cells} \\ 1 \text{ step} & T \text{ steps} \end{array}$

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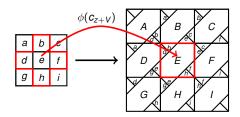
$$\phi: Q_G \rightarrow Q_F^{m \times m}$$

injective



Ontext sensitive:

 $\phi: Q_G^V \to Q_F^{m \times m}$ injective global map



Universality

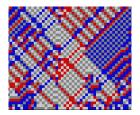
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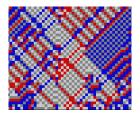


Universality

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Fact

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• *F* is **freezing-universal** if it is freezing and can simulate any freezing CA

Freezing-universality

Becker, Maldonado, Ollinger, Theyssier

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Theorem

No freezing-universal CA in 1D, whatever the simulation mode.

Intuition: blocking words

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Theorem

No 1-change freezing universal in 2D with von Neumann neighborhood.

Intuition: Jordan's curve lemma

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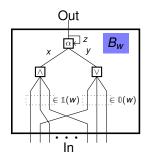
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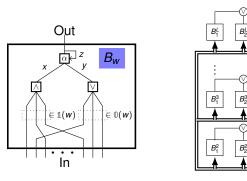
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- synchronization (\neq from aTAM universality)

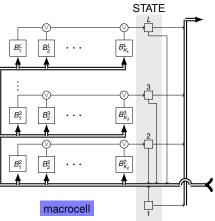
- reduction to von Neumann neighborhood
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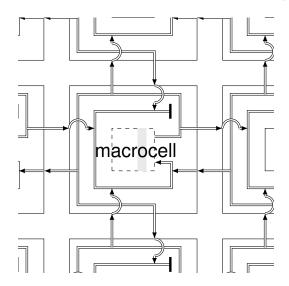
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Theorem

F is (context-sensitively) simulated by some freezing CA **IFF** it admits an explicit local energy.

Questions

Il bounded-change CA have an explicit local energy?

Is there a bounded-change-universal CA?

is there a convergent-universal CA?

What are limit sets of bounded-change CAs?